## Poisoning Fish (Este-Maskoke Rvron 'Makpvccvranen Omat)<sup>i, 5</sup>

A. E. Raiford (Haas I:73–77, corrected VII:57–61)

Hvteceskv momēcat ēyetetakēt omēs. Hvlonesken hopohyet haticiska momi·câ·t i·itita·ki·t ô·mi·s haloniskin hopóhyit the first thing he does he gets ready [does] devil's shoestring he hunts it The first thing he does is get ready. He hunts for devil's shoestring [hvloneske],

wvnvke vnvcumēn wvnawihcet, 'cvkotakse, rē esyomat etohkahlet, wanáki anacomí·n wana·wéyhcit 'cakotáksi lí· isyô·ma·t itohkáhlit bunches tied up several he ties them bow arrow together he puts them ties up several bundles, gathers his bow and arrows,

uewvn esakhvtapkēt omēs. Estvmvn 'makpvccvranen omat, er es orat óywan isákhata·pkí·t ô·mi·s istaman (i)makpáccala·nín o·mâ·t ilisô·la·t<sup>6</sup> water he goes down to [does] whenever he's going to poison when he gets there and goes down to the water. Whenever he's going to poison, when he gets there,

ue-vfopke mvn aknohcet, hvyatke pokekon alihket oy2afo·pki<sup>7</sup> man aknohcit hayátki<sup>ii</sup> pó·kikon a·léyhkit near the water [there] he stays overnight just before daylight he gets up he stays overnight near the water, gets up just before daylight,

heleswv hokkolēn enhahoyēn sēyvfastēt omēs. 'hilíswa hokkolí·n inha·hoyí·n síyafa·stí·t ô·mi·s medicine two kinds made for them he uses it on himself [does] and uses two prepared medicines on himself.

Sennvrkeshoyēt ont on omat, sinnalkishoyí·t ônt ó·n o·mâ·t (if) someone is pregnant by him it is in case (it is that) If someone is pregnant with [his child],

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup> Title: istima·skó·ki lałón (i)makpáccala·nín o·mâ·t 'if a Muscogee is going to poison fish'.

ii Originally: hayyátki.

mvn sēyvfastēt omēs. Momen monkat, hvmkan man siyafa·sti·t ô·mi·s mo·min môŋka·t hámka·n that he uses on himself [does] (then) if not the other one he uses that one on himself. And if not, he uses the other one

sēyvfastēt omēs. Momen cvkotakse hvtvm rē esyomat siyafa·sti·t ô·mi·s mo·min 'cakotáksi hatâm li· isyô·ma·t he uses on himself [does] [then] bow and arrow all [together] on himself. And after he uses the medicine on the bow and arrow,

esvfvsitof, hvlvneske pvccvranat,  $isafas \hat{e}yto \cdot f$  halaníski<sup>8</sup> páccala·nâ·t after he uses the medicine [on] the devil's shoestring to pound it he goes into the water

uewvn esakhvtapkēt omēs. Momen 'to-poloke hvlvneske óywan isákhata·pkí·t ô·mi·s mo·mín 'topoló·ki halaníski water he goes into [does] then round pole/log devil's shoestring to pound the devil's shoestring. Then he stands a round log in the water

ohpvccvranat akhuerihcof pvccetv vlicēcēt omēs. ohpáccala·nâ·t akhoyléyhco·f paccitá aléyci·cí·t ô·mi·s to pound it on after he stands it in the water pounding he commences [does] to pound the devil's shoestring on and begins to pound.

Momen pvccepoyof, uewv tat ak-aret,  $mo \cdot min$   $p\'{accipo} \cdot y\^{o} \cdot f$   $\'{o}ywata \cdot t$   $\'{a}kka \cdot l\'{i}t$  then when he gets through pounding it the water he [wades around in] Then when he's done pounding it, he wades in the water,

ak-eteyamet mehcof, rvro tat akhacaken echetv tat  $akkitiya \cdot mit$   $mihco \cdot f$   $lal ota \cdot t$   $akh a \cdot ca \cdot kin$   $ichitata \cdot t^9$  stirs it up after he gets through the fish [get] drunk shooting and after he stirs it up, the fish start to get drunk, and he begins

vlicēcēt omēs. Momen rvro pvsaten omat, aléyci·cí·t ô·mi·s<sup>i</sup> mo·mín laló pasa·tín o·mâ·t he commences [does] then fish he kills any [if] to shoot at them. And if he kills any fish,

ehvpo monkat 'ste ētv hvpo tis es oh-ahyen norihohcof, ihapó· móŋka·t sti í·ta hapó·teys isohháhyin nołeyhóhco·f his camp [person other camp, even] he takes them [to] after it's cooked if not he takes them to his camp or someone else's camp, and after it's cooked,

fvccvlikat homipof, fvcēcusekv afvckēt faccalêyka·t homêypo·f faci·ncosika a·fácki·t at noon after he eats he is full he is happy after having eaten at noon, he's happy because he's full

encuko tat yefulkēpēt omēs.  $incok \acute{o}ta \cdot t$  'yif\acute{o}lki  $\cdot p \acute{t} \cdot t^{10}$   $\acute{o} \cdot m i \cdot s$  his home he goes to [does] and goes back to his home.

## About the Customs of Conjurers (Porrvlke Emfulletv)ii

## A. E. Raiford (Haas IV:86-87)11

'Culvke hokkolet kakvtēs. ehiwv Honvnwv 'tepakēt omvtēs. 'colakí hokkô·lit ka·katí·s honánwa ihéywa 'tipakí·t ô·mati·s old people two were living man (and) his wife together were Once upon a time there lived two old people. They were a man and his wife.

Netta yafkusof ehute enkvpahket vhoyet  $nitt\acute{a}^{\cdot 12}$  y $\check{a}^{\cdot n}fkoso\cdot f$  ih $\acute{o}ti$  iykap $\acute{a}hkit$  aho $\cdot y\acute{u}t^{13}$  day late in the evening their home they left were going Late in the evening they left their house,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup> Raiford poisoned some fish once with some Alabamas. The medicine man, John Baker, was an Alabama.

ii Title: po·łłâlki imfollitá 'conjurers' ways'.